MITOCHONDRIAL AND NUCLEAR MARKERS IN POPULATIONS OF BRAZILIAN RHIPICEPHALUS (BOOPHILUS) MICROPLUS

Bárbara Guimarães Csordas^{1*}, Rodrigo Casquero Cunha², Marcos Valério Garcia³, Robson Ferreira Cavalcante de Almeida², Marlon Cesar Cominetti², Renato andreotti⁴

¹Mestranda, Curso de Doenças Infecciosas e Parasitárias (DIP), UFMS; Laboratório de Sanidade Animal, Embrapa Gado de Corte, Campo Grande, MS, barbara csordas@yahoo.com.br

²Doutorando, DIP/UFMS; Laboratório de Sanidade Animal, Embrapa Gado de Corte.
³Pós-Doutorando, bolsista CNPq; Laboratório de Sanidade Animal, Embrapa Gado de Corte.
⁴Pesquisador da Embrapa Gado de Corte, Campo Grande, MS.

The tick *Rhipicephalus* (Boophilus) *microplus* is the most important bovine herd ectoparasites and it can be found in tropical and subtropical areas. Among parasites found in bovines, this tick is responsible for major economic losses in different regions of the world. That said there's a large amount of studies for control and prevention of this parasite. The use of molecular techniques like markers for the study of ticks has developed new ideas within population structures and taxonomical relations. For individually or population related studies, interspecific and intraspecific polymorphism are analyzed, which allows an evaluation of philogeographic patterns using mitochondrial and nuclear alleles through sequences of mitochondrial cytochrome oxidase subunity1 and nuclear internal transcribed spacer 2. This evaluation with theses markers may characterize the genetic diversity in side and between populations of R. (B.) microplus. In Ixodidae, the nuclear internal transcribed spacer 2 may be useful to evaluate the existence of critical species (morphologically similar, but genetically distinct). These markers are commonly used for primers designs in polymerase chain reaction, sequencing and posterior phylogenetic analysis. The variation within populations is usually analyzed using statistical patterns to detect the amount of haplotype unique, number of segregating sites, haplotype diversity and nucleotide diversity. This is possible by the use of ARLEQUIN 3.1 software. Uncorrected pair wise distance matrices may obtained by MEGA software version4. For the construction of phylogenetic trees, usually used "Bayesian inference", with maximum likelihood, maximum parsimony and neighborjoining methods by PAUP software version 4.0. Studies like this may contribute with the interpretation of molecular ecology and the development of future methods of control against this organism.

Keywords: COX1; ITS2; phylogenetic relationship; philogeographic relationship; *Rhipicephalus* (Boophilus) *microplus*.

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